# ORKFORCE







Rachel Lipson and Robert Schwartz

Community Colleges and Economic Mobility

Capital Community College

March 26, 2021

### **Today's Conversation:**

- 1. About the Project on Workforce at Harvard
- 2. Community Colleges & Economic Mobility
- 3. Community Colleges & the COVID Recovery
- 4. Pathways to Prosperity
- 5. Reimagining Community College: Recommendations

### **About the Project on Workforce**

The Project on Workforce is an interdisciplinary, collaborative project between the **Harvard Kennedy School** Malcolm Wiener Center for Social Policy, the **Harvard Business School** Managing the Future of Work Project, and the **Harvard Graduate School of Education** 



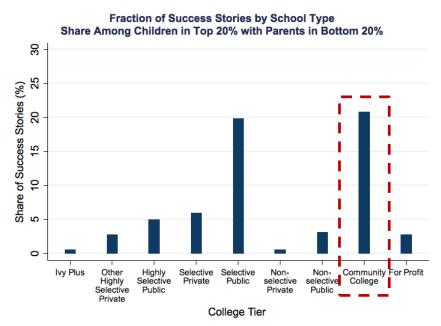




### **Our mission**

The mission of the Project on Workforce is to **chart the course** for a post-secondary system of the future that creates **more & better pathways** to economic mobility. We **catalyze action** across leaders in business, education and policy to **create smoother connections** between education and work.

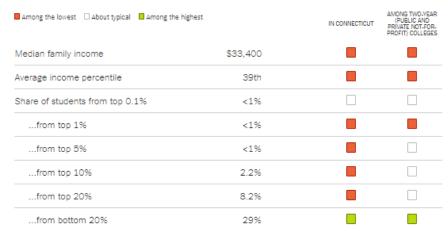
# Community colleges are responsible for the largest share of upward mobility success stories in American higher education.



## **Including Capital Community College**

#### ACCESS

What kind of students attend Capital C.C.



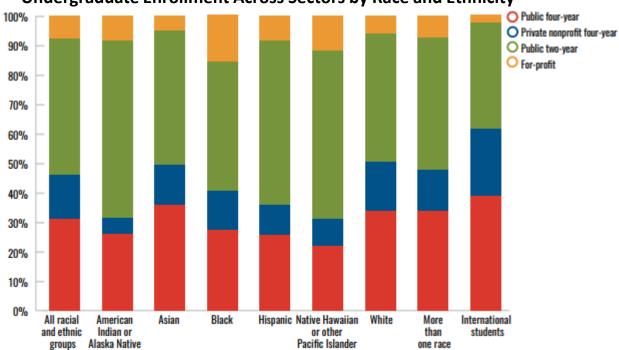
#### MOBILITY

Share of students at Capital C.C. who ...



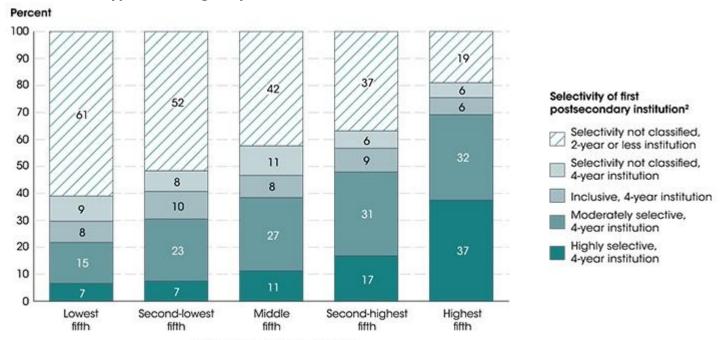
# Community colleges are the most racially diverse...

#### **Undergraduate Enrollment Across Sectors by Race and Ethnicity**



### ...and most socioeconomically representative

#### Type of College, by Socioeconomic Status

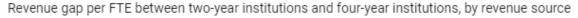


Socioeconomic status in 20091

National Center for Education Statistics 2020

### But they are given the least resources to serve students

# Community colleges receive about \$8,800 less in revenue per full-time enrolled student (FTE) than public four-year institutions





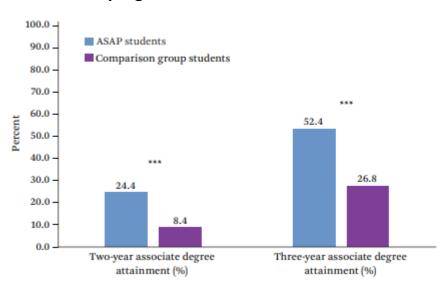
Hover or click to see values.

Chart: Center for American Progress •

Source: Author's calculations based on data from the National Center for Education Statistics, "Integrated Education Postsecondary Data System Survey Components: Finance," available at https://nces.ed.gov/ipeds/use-the-data (last accessed September 2020).

# Research shows that wraparound supports can make a huge difference in community college student success

#### **CUNY ASAP program results**

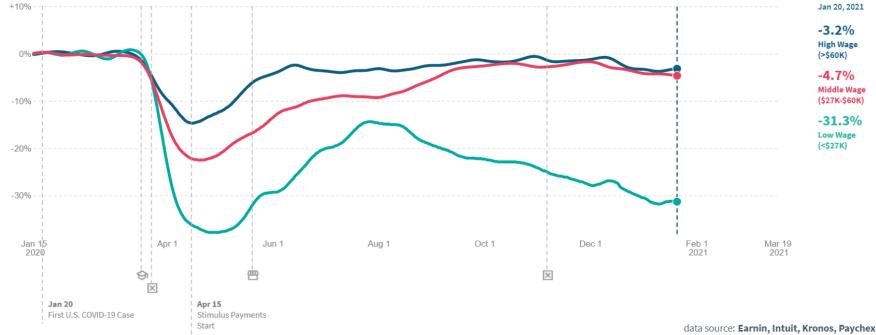


Postsecondary Pathways Out of Poverty: City University of New York Accelerated Study in Associate Programs and the Case for National Policy, RSF: The Russell Sage Foundation Journal of the Social Sciences, 4(3), 100–117 (2018)

# Community colleges must play a critical role in Connecticut's recovery from COVID-19

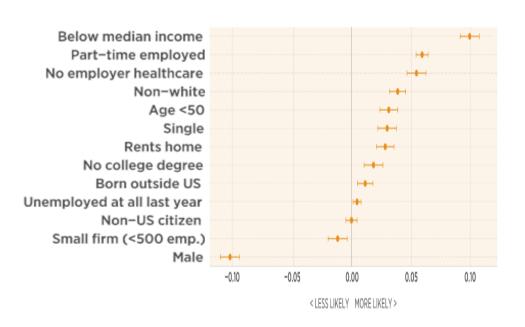
#### Percent Change in Employment\*

In Hartford, as of January 20 2021, employment rates among workers in the top wage quartile decreased by 3.2% compared to January 2020 (not seasonally adjusted).



Source: Opportunity Insights

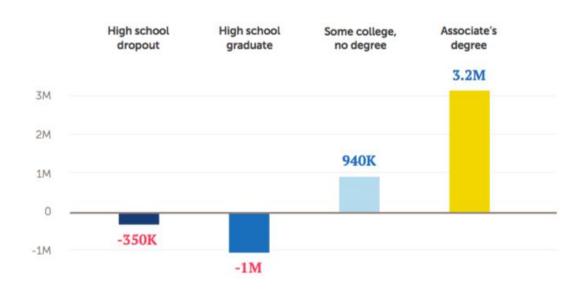
# Community colleges are more likely to serve students who have been affected by COVID-19



- 69 percent of entering community college students work for pay
- Average age at Capital CC is 28
- Over one-third are firstgeneration college students

Source: Mongey & Neiman 2020

# In the last recession, good jobs for associate's degree holders bounced back, but high school graduates never recovered

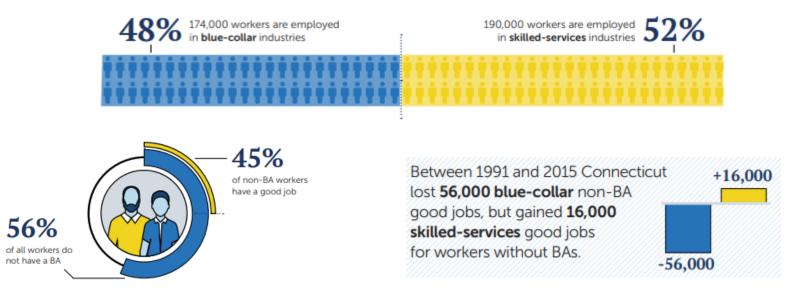


Source: Georgetown University Center on Education and the Workforce analysis of Current Population Survey

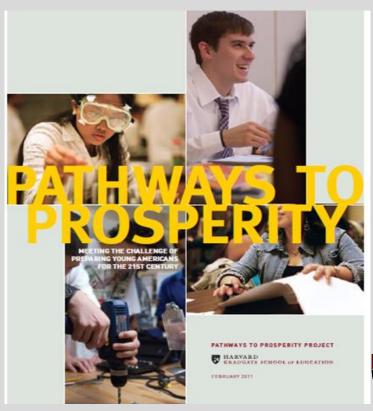
Annual Social and Economic Supplement (March), 1992-2016.

# Capital CC can play a critical role in helping workers reskill for the jobs of the future

### Non-BA good jobs in Connecticut



Source: Georgetown Center on Education and the Workforce 2017



# THE PATHWAYS TO PROSPERITY REPORT

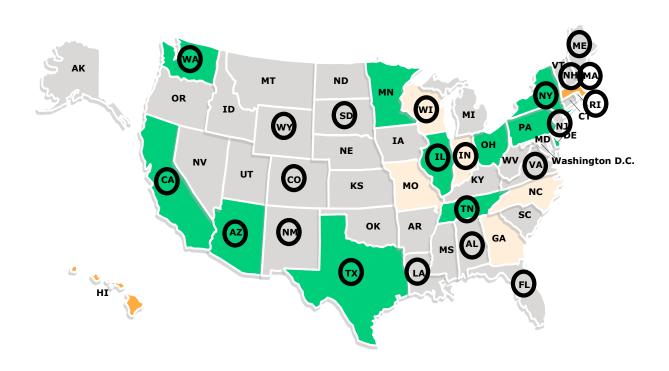
"The American system for preparing young people to lead productive and prosperous lives as adults is clearly badly broken. Failure to aggressively overcome this challenge will surely erode the fabric of our society."

Harvard Graduate School of Education, 2011





### **OUR PATHWAYS TO PROSPERITY COMMUNITY**



### REDESIGNING SYSTEMS FOR ALL YOUNG PEOPLE

Complete high school Attain first with at least 12 college postsecondary credits and work-based credential with value in the labor market learning experience ALL YOUNG PEOPLE Launch careers in Advance in careers and high-demand, pursue further high-wage, high-growth education as interested occupations

#### REVERSE-MAPPING FROM THE REGIONAL LABOR MARKET

# PROCESS FOR PATHWAYS DESIGN

## In-Demand Careers

- Use LMI to identify high-demand, highwage industries and occupations
- Map competencies to identify needed skills and credentials valued by employers
- Vet LMI with industry partners and gather additional information about in-demand skills and credentials
- Finalize pathways based on LMI and industry input

### Postsecondary

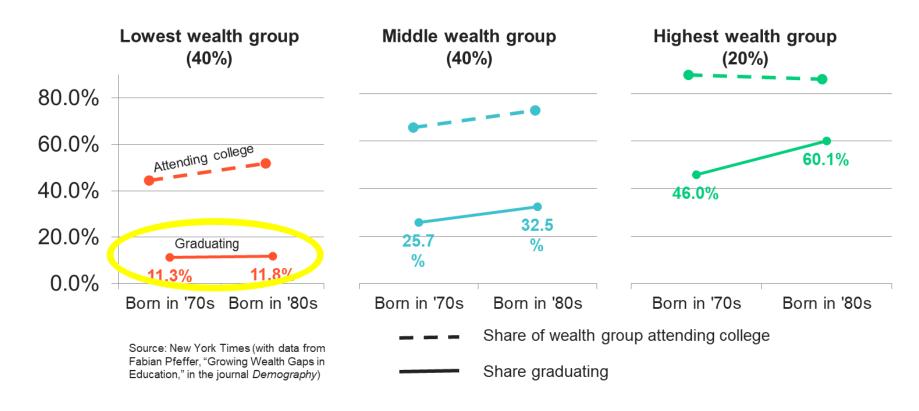


- Explore options for dual credit courses applicable to multiple postsecondary programs of study
- Map course sequences
- Identify needed wraparound services

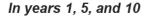
### Secondary

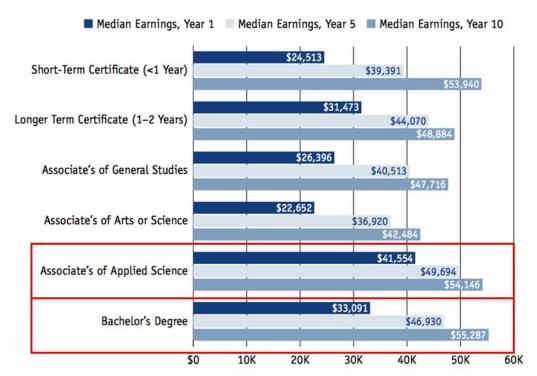
- Develop scope and sequence aligned with postsecondary programs of study
- Identify needs for new classes (e.g., staff, equipment, SEA approval)
- Develop WBL continuum
- Plan for career information and advising
- Identify needed wraparound services

### MORE LOW-WEALTH STUDENTS GO TO COLLEGE, BUT FEW GRADUATE



### MEDIAN EARNINGS BY CREDENTIAL LEVEL IN COLORADO





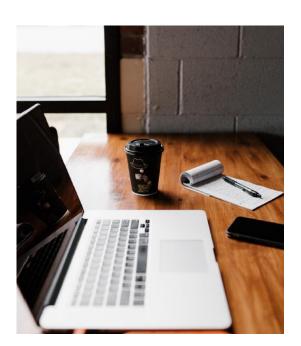
# COMMUNITY COLLEGES

Reach & scale

Rooted in regional labor market

Nimble

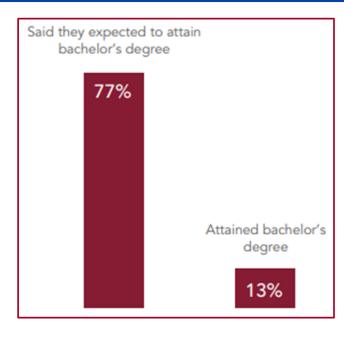
College-age & midcareer learners



### WHERE THE STUDENTS ARE



## NOT EITHER/OR



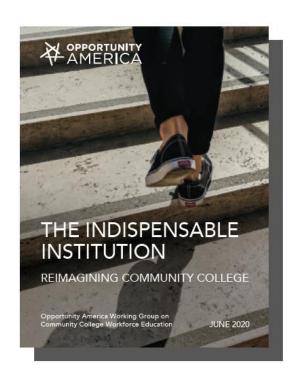
### TWO FUNCTIONS

- Transfer
- Workforce

TWO REFORM MOVEMENTS

### **LEARN MORE**

Available at opportunityamericaonline.org/indispensable



## Thank you!

Rachel\_Lipson@hks.harvard.edu Robert\_schwartz@gse.Harvard.edu

pw.hks.harvard.edu